according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006

# **SOLBIN TA5R**

Version Revision Date: Date of first issue: 2.1 08.05.2020 25.11.2016

# SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

#### 1.1 Product identifier

Trade name : SOLBIN TA5R

Product code :

Substance name : Vinyl chloride-Vinyl acetate based copolymer

# 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the Sub- : Raw material

stance/Mixture

#### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company : Nissin Chemical Industry Co., Ltd.

Uchikanda TK Building, 1-5-13 Uchikanda,

101-0047 Chiyoda-ku, Tokyo

Telephone : 03-3295-3931

E-mail address of person responsible for the SDS

: nissin-support@nissin-chem.com

#### 1.4 Emergency telephone number

03-3295-3931 (9:00-17:00, JST)

#### **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

#### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

#### Classification (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)

Not a hazardous substance or mixture.

#### 2.2 Label elements

#### Labelling (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)

Not a hazardous substance or mixture.

# **Additional Labelling:**

EUH210 Safety data sheet available on request.

#### 2.3 Other hazards

Potential dust explosion hazard.

Dust contact with the eyes can lead to mechanical irritation.

Contact with dust can cause mechanical irritation or drying of the skin.

#### **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

#### 3.1 Substances

Substance name : Vinyl chloride-Vinyl acetate based copolymer

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006

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#### **Hazardous components**

Chemical name	CAS-No. / EC-No.	Classification	Concentration(% w/w)
Acetone	67-64-1 / 200-662-2	Flam.liq.2 , H225	≦1.5
		Eye Irrit.2, H319	
		STOT SE 3, H336	
Methanol	67-56-1 / 200-659-6	Flam.liq.2 , H225	< 1.0
		Acute Tox.3 , H301,H311,H331	
		STOT SE 1, H370	

#### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

# 4.1 Description of first aid measures

General advice : In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical ad-

vice immediately.

When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical

advice.

Protection of first-aiders : First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection,

and use the recommended personal protective equipment

when the potential for exposure exists.

If inhaled : If inhaled, remove to fresh air.

Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

In case of skin contact : Wash with water and soap.

Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

In case of eye contact : If in eyes, rinse well with water.

Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

If swallowed : If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting.

Get medical attention if symptoms occur. Rinse mouth thoroughly with water.

#### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Risks : Contact with dust can cause mechanical irritation or drying of

the skin.

Dust contact with the eyes can lead to mechanical irritation.

#### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treatment : Treat symptomatically and supportively.

#### **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

#### 5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : Water spray

Alcohol-resistant foam Carbon dioxide (CO2)

Dry chemical

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

: High volume water jet

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006

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#### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Specific hazards during fire-

fighting

: Do not use a solid water stream as it may scatter and spread

fire.

Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health.

Hazardous combustion prod-

ucts

: Carbon oxides

Chlorine compounds

#### 5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special protective equipment

for firefighters

: In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

Use personal protective equipment.

Specific extinguishing meth-

. shc : Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local cir-

cumstances and the surrounding environment. Use water spray to cool unopened containers.

Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do

SO.

Evacuate area.

#### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

# 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions : Use personal protective equipment.

Follow safe handling advice and personal protective equip-

ment recommendations.

#### 6.2 Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions : Discharge into the environment must be avoided.

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water.

Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages

cannot be contained.

#### 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up :

: Sweep up or vacuum up spillage and collect in suitable con-

tainer for disposal.

Avoid dispersal of dust in the air (i.e., clearing dust surfaces

with compressed air).

Dust deposits should not be allowed to accumulate on surfaces, as these may form an explosive mixture if they are released into the atmosphere in sufficient concentration. Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to deter-

mine which regulations are applicable.

Sections 13 and 15 of this SDS provide information regarding

certain local or national requirements.

#### 6.4 Reference to other sections

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006

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See sections: 7, 8, 11, 12 and 13.

# **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

#### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Technical measures : Static electricity may accumulate and ignite suspended dust

causing an explosion.

Provide adequate precautions, such as electrical grounding

and bonding, or inert atmospheres.

Local/Total ventilation : Use only with adequate ventilation.

Advice on safe handling : Do not breathe dust.

Do not swallow.

Avoid contact with eyes.

Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with skin.

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety

practice.

Minimize dust generation and accumulation. Keep container closed when not in use. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition.

Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the

environment.

Hygiene measures : Ensure that eye flushing systems and safety showers are

located close to the working place. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.

#### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Requirements for storage areas and containers

: Keep in properly labelled containers. Store in accordance with

the particular national regulations.

Advice on common storage : Do not store with the following product types:

Strong oxidizing agents

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Specific use(s) : No data available

# **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

#### 8.1 Control parameters

# **Occupational Exposure Limits**

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters	Basis
Acetone	67-64-1	TWA	500 ppm 1,210 mg/m3	2000/39/EC
Further information	Indicative			
		TWA	500 ppm 1,210 mg/m3	GB EH40
		STEL	1,500 ppm 3,620 mg/m3	GB EH40

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006

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Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006:

Derived No Lifect Level (DNLL) according to Kegulation (LO) No. 1307/2000.					
Substance name	End Use	Exposure routes	Potential health effects	Value	
Acetone	Workers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects	1210 mg/m3	
	Workers	Inhalation	Acute local effects	2420 mg/m3	
	Workers	Skin contact	Long-term systemic effects	186 mg/kg bw/day	
	Consumers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects	200 mg/m3	
	Consumers	Skin contact	Long-term systemic effects	62 mg/kg bw/day	
	Consumers	Ingestion	Long-term systemic effects	62 mg/kg bw/day	

Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC) according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006:

Substance name	Environmental Compartment	Value			
Acetone	Fresh water	10.6 mg/l			
	Marine water	1.06 mg/l			
	Intermittent use/release	21 mg/l			
	Sewage treatment plant	100 mg/l			
	Fresh water sediment	30.4 mg/kg			
	Marine sediment	3.04 mg/kg			
	Soil	29.5 mg/kg			

#### 8.2 Exposure controls

# **Engineering measures**

Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.

Minimize workplace exposure concentrations.

Apply measures to prevent dust explosions.

Ensure that dust-handling systems (such as exhaust ducts, dust collectors, vessels, and processing equipment) are designed in a manner to prevent the escape of dust into the work area (i.e., there is no leakage from the equipment).

# Personal protective equipment

Eye protection : Wear the following personal protective equipment:

Safety goggles

Hand protection

Material : Impervious gloves

Remarks : Choose gloves to protect hands against chemicals depending

on the concentration and quantity of the hazardous sub-

stance and specific to place of work. Breakthrough time is not

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006

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determined for the product. Change gloves often! For special applications, we recommend clarifying the resistance to chemicals of the aforementioned protective gloves with the glove manufacturer. Wash hands before breaks and at the

end of workday.

Skin and body protection : Skin contact must be avoided by using impervious protective

clothing (gloves, aprons, boots, etc).

Respiratory protection : Use respiratory protection unless adequate local exhaust ven-

tilation is provided or exposure assessment demonstrates that exposures are within recommended exposure guidelines.

Filter type : Combined particulates, organic gas and low boiling vapour

type (AX-P)

# **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

#### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance : powder

Colour : light yellow

Odour : odourless

Odour Threshold : No data available

pH : No data available

Melting point/freezing point : No data available

Initial boiling point and boiling

range

: No data available

Flash point : Not applicable

Evaporation rate : Not applicable

Flammability (solid, gas) : Not classified as a flammability hazard

Upper explosion limit : No data available

Lower explosion limit : No data available

Vapour pressure : Not applicable

Relative vapour density : Not applicable

Density : 1.4 g/cm3

Solubility(ies)

Water solubility : insoluble

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006

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Solubility in other solvents : completely soluble

Solvent: Esters

completely soluble Solvent: Nitrobenzene

insoluble

Solvent: Alcohol

completely soluble Solvent: Ketones

insoluble

Solvent: Mineral oils

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

: No data available

Auto-ignition temperature : No data available

Decomposition temperature : No data available

Viscosity

Viscosity, dynamic : Not applicable

Explosive properties : Not explosive

Oxidizing properties : The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.

#### 9.2 Other information

No data available

# **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

#### 10.1 Reactivity

Not classified as a reactivity hazard.

# 10.2 Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions.

#### 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous reactions : Dust can form an explosive mixture in air.

Can react with strong oxidizing agents.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid : None known.

#### 10.5 Incompatible materials

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006

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Materials to avoid : Oxidizing agents

#### 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

No hazardous decomposition products are known.

# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

#### 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Information on likely routes of : Inhalation

exposure

Skin contact Ingestion

Eye contact

#### **Acute toxicity**

Not classified based on available information.

**Product:** 

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat, female): > 2,000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 420

GLP: no

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rat, female): > 2,000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 402

GLP: no

**Components:** 

Acetone:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 40 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: vapour

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 5,000 mg/kg

#### Skin corrosion/irritation

Not classified based on available information.

#### **Product:**

Species: reconstructed human epidermis (RhE)

Method: OECD Test Guideline 439

Result: No skin irritation

GLP: no

#### **Components:**

#### Acetone:

Assessment: Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

#### Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Not classified based on available information.

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006

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#### **Product:**

Species: Tissue Culture Method: EpiOcular Result: No eye irritation

GLP: no

#### **Components:**

#### Acetone:

Species: Rabbit

Method: OECD Test Guideline 405

Result: Irritation to eyes, reversing within 21 days

#### Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Skin sensitisation: Not classified based on available information. Respiratory sensitisation: Not classified based on available information.

#### **Components:**

#### Acetone:

Test Type: Maximisation Test Exposure routes: Skin contact

Species: Guinea pig Result: negative

# Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified based on available information.

#### **Components:**

#### Acetone:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 476

Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: In vivo micronucleus test

Species: Hamster

Application Route: Intraperitoneal injection

Result: negative

# Carcinogenicity

Not classified based on available information.

#### **Components:**

#### Acetone:

Species: Mouse

Application Route: Skin contact

Exposure time: 1 Years Result: negative

Reproductive toxicity

Not classified based on available information.

#### Components:

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006

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Acetone:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: One-generation reproduction toxicity study

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion

Result: negative

Effects on foetal develop-

ment

: Test Type: Embryo-foetal development

Species: Mouse Result: negative

# STOT - single exposure

Not classified based on available information.

# Components:

#### Acetone:

Assessment: May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

#### STOT - repeated exposure

Not classified based on available information.

#### Repeated dose toxicity

#### **Components:**

#### Acetone: Species: Rat

LOAEL: 1,700 mg/kg Application Route: Ingestion Exposure time: 90 Days

#### **Aspiration toxicity**

Not classified based on available information.

# **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

#### 12.1 Toxicity

# **Components:**

#### Acetone:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 6,210 - 8,120

mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Toxicity to daphnia and other

aquatic invertebrates

: EC50 (Daphnia pulex (Water flea)): 8,800 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

: NOEC: 1,106 - 2,212 mg/l

Toxicity to daphnia and other

aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

Exposure time: 28 d

ic toxicity) Species: Daphnia magna (Water flea)

#### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006

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**Components:** 

Acetone:

Biodegradability : Result: Readily biodegradable

Biodegradation: 91 % Exposure time: 28 d

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

**Components:** 

Acetone:

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

: log Pow: -0.24

12.4 Mobility in soil

No data available

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Not relevant

12.6 Other adverse effects

No data available

**SECTION 13: Disposal considerations** 

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product : Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

According to the European Waste Catalogue, Waste Codes

are not product specific, but application specific.

Waste codes should be assigned by the user, preferably in

discussion with the waste disposal authorities.

Contaminated packaging : Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste han-

dling site for recycling or disposal.

If not otherwise specified: Dispose of as unused product.

**SECTION 14: Transport information** 

14.1 UN number

Not regulated as a dangerous good

14.2 UN proper shipping name

Not regulated as a dangerous good

14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

Not regulated as a dangerous good

14.4 Packing group

Not regulated as a dangerous good

14.5 Environmental hazards

Not regulated as a dangerous good

14.6 Special precautions for user

Not applicable

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006

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#### 14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Remarks : Not applicable for product as supplied.

#### **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

# 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Regulation (EC) No 649/2012 of the European Parlia-

ment and the Council concerning the export and import

of dangerous chemicals

REACH - Candidate List of Substances of Very High

Concern for Authorisation (Article 59).

: Not applicable

: Not applicable

Regulation (EC) No 1005/2009 on substances that de-

plete the ozone layer

: Not applicable

Regulation (EC) No 850/2004 on persistent organic pol-

lutants

: Not applicable

Seveso III: Directive 2012/18/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council on the control of major-accident hazards involving dangerous substances.

Not applicable

Other regulations : Take note of Directive 92/85/EEC regarding maternity protec-

tion or stricter national regulations, where applicable.

#### 15.2 Chemical safety assessment

A Chemical Safety Assessment has not been carried out.

#### **SECTION 16: Other information**

#### **Full text of H-Statements**

H225 : Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H319 : Causes serious eye irritation.
H336 : May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

# Full text of other abbreviations

2000/39/EC : Europe. Commission Directive 2000/39/EC establishing a first

list of indicative occupational exposure limit values

GB EH40 : UK. EH40 WEL - Workplace Exposure Limits

2000/39/EC / TWA : Limit Value - eight hours

GB EH40 / TWA : Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA reference period)
GB EH40 / STEL : Short-term exposure limit (15-minute reference period)

ADN - European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways; ADR - European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road; AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CLP - Classification Labelling Packaging Regulation; Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECHA - European Chemicals Agency; EC-Number - European Community number; ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response;

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006

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EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx -Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; RID - Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TRGS - Technical Rule for Hazardous Substances; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

#### **Further information**

Sources of key data used to compile the Safety Data Sheet

: Internal technical data, data from raw material SDSs, OECD eChem Portal search results and European Chemicals Agency, http://echa.europa.eu/

Items where changes have been made to the previous version are highlighted in the body of this document by two vertical lines.

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and shall not be considered a warranty or quality specification of any type. The information provided relates only to the specific material identified at the top of this SDS and may not be valid when the SDS material is used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text. Material users should review the information and recommendations in the specific context of their intended manner of handling, use, processing and storage, including an assessment of the appropriateness of the SDS material in the user's end product, if applicable.

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